



Ulrike Meier Yang

*Center for Applied Scientific Computing
Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory*

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hypre Team

- Rob Falgout (project lead)
- Allison Baker
- Van Emden Henson
- Ellen Hill
- Tzanio Kolev
- Barry Lee
- Jeff Painter
- Charles Tong
- Panayot Vassilevski
- Ulrike Meier Yang

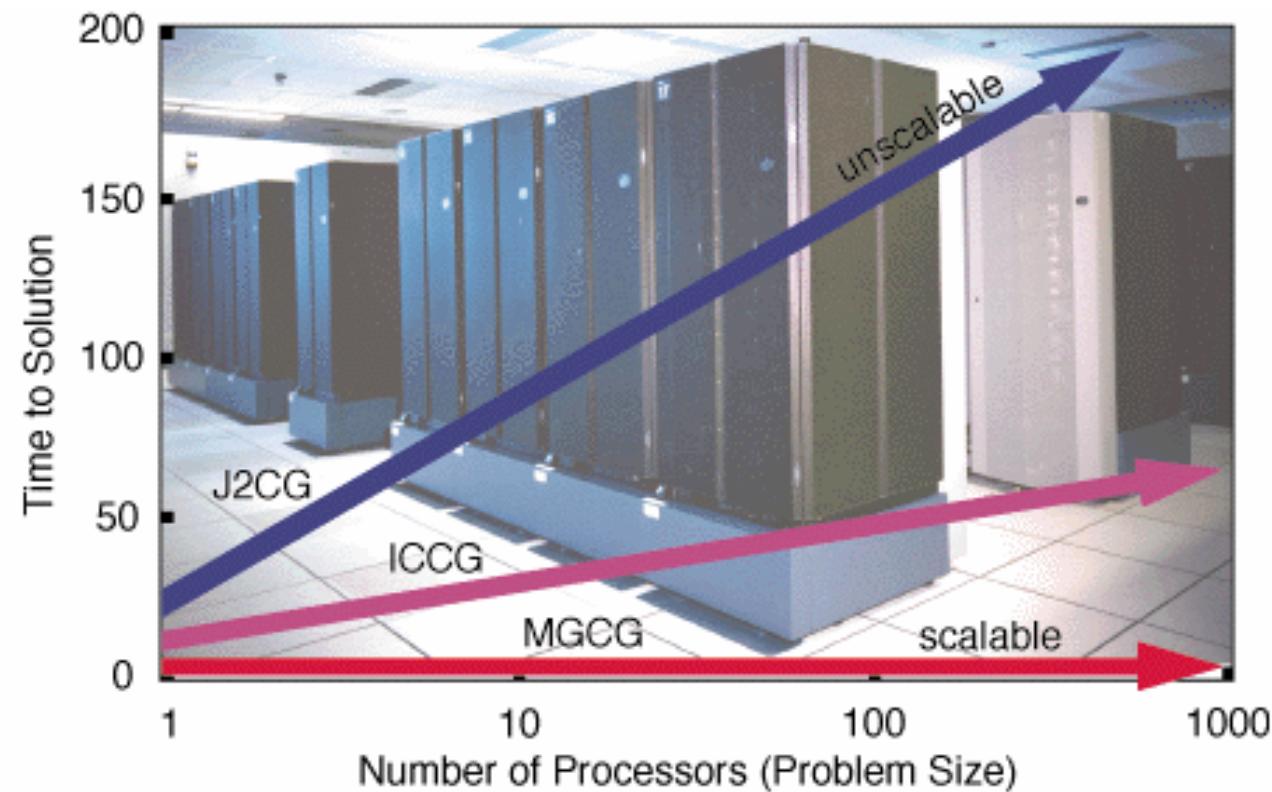
Scalable Linear Solvers Project

http://www.llnl.gov/CASC/linear_solvers/

Outline

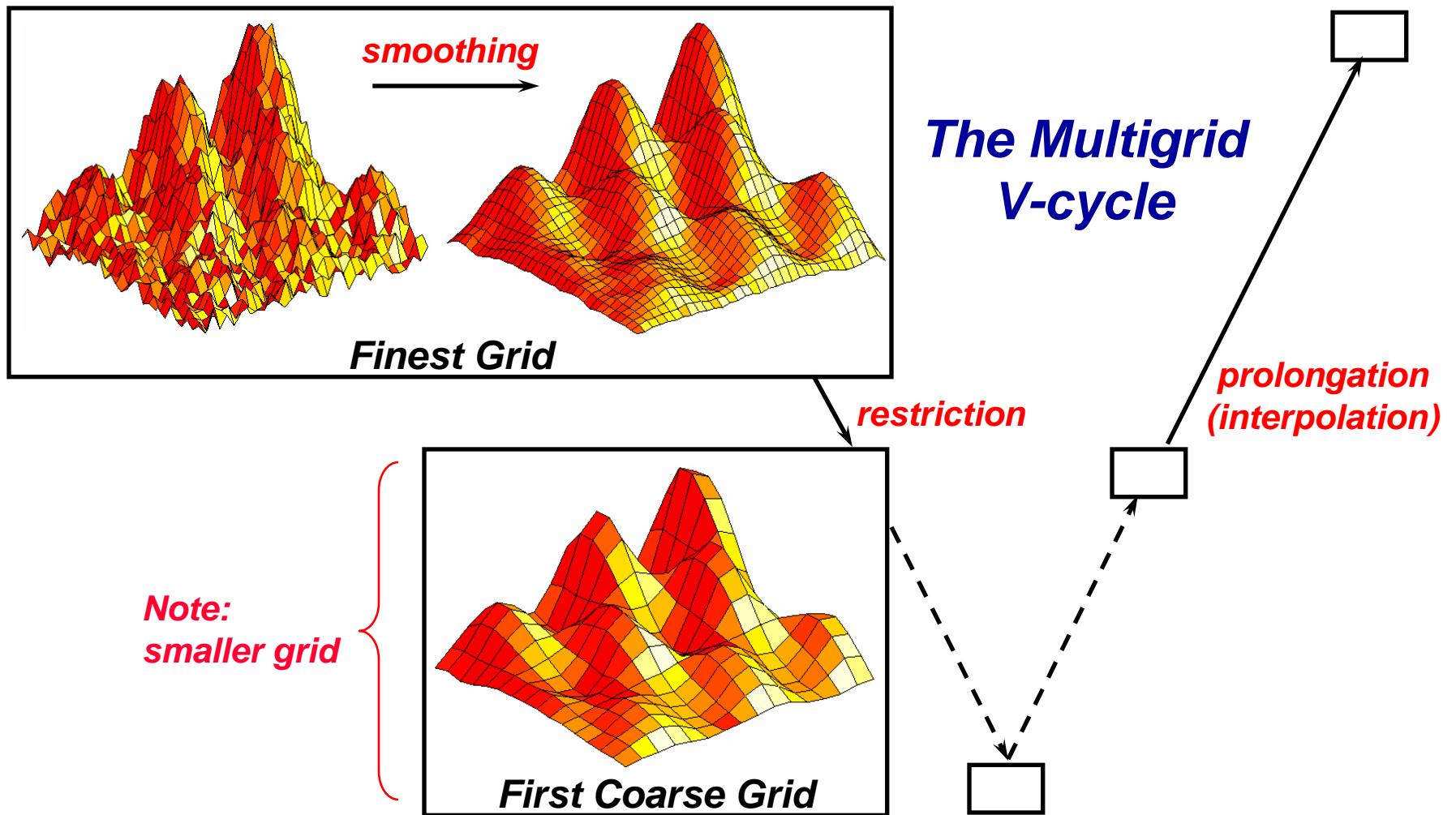
- **Introduction / Motivation**
- **Getting Started / Conceptual Interfaces**
- **Structured-Grid Interface (`struct`)**
- **Semi-Structured-Grid Interface (`sstruct`)**
- **Finite Element Interface (`FEI`)**
- **Linear-Algebraic Interface (`IJ`)**
- **Solvers and Preconditioners**
- **Additional Information**

Scalability is a central issue for large-scale parallel computing



Linear solver convergence is a key scalability issue.

Multigrid uses coarse grids to efficiently damp out smooth error components

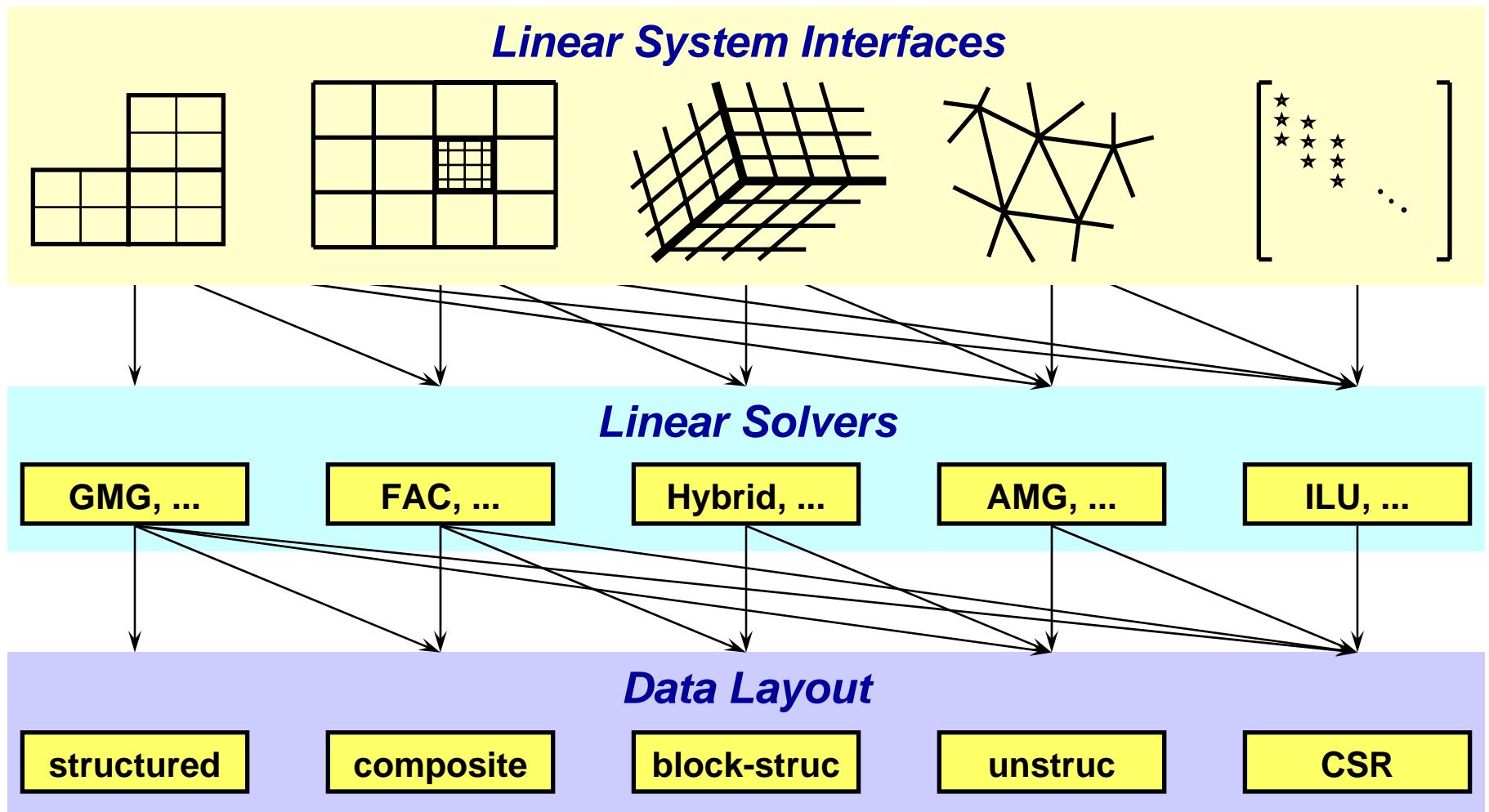


Getting Started

- **Before writing your code:**
 - choose a conceptual interface
 - choose a solver / preconditioner
 - choose a matrix type that is compatible with your solver / preconditioner and conceptual interface

- **Now write your code:**
 - build auxiliary structures (e.g., grids, stencils)
 - build matrix/vector through conceptual interface
 - build solver/preconditioner
 - solve the system
 - get desired information from the solver

Multiple interfaces are necessary to provide “best” solvers and data layouts



Why multiple interfaces? The key points

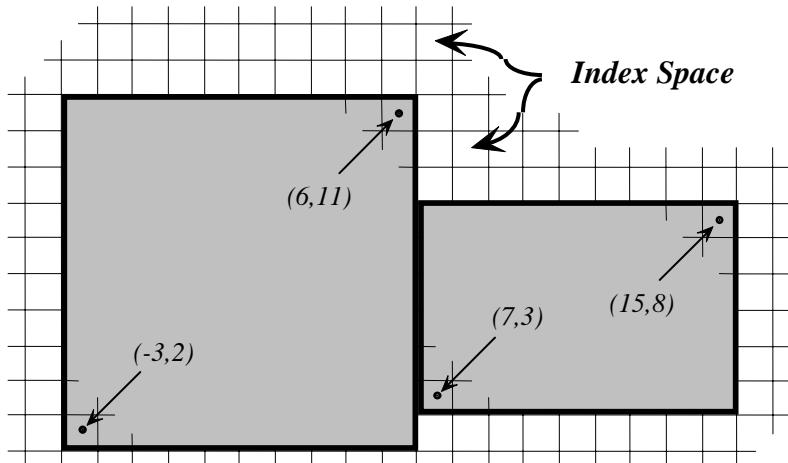
- Provides natural “views” of the linear system
- Eases some of the coding burden for users by eliminating the need to map to rows/columns
- Provides for more efficient (scalable) linear solvers
- Provides for more effective data storage schemes and more efficient computational kernels

hypre currently supports four conceptual interfaces

- **Structured-Grid Interface (`Struct`)**
 - *applications with logically rectangular grids*
- **Semi-Structured-Grid Interface (`sstruct`)**
 - *applications with grids that are mostly—but not entirely—structured (e.g., block-structured, structured AMR, overset)*
- **Finite Element Interface (`FEI`)**
 - *unstructured-grid, finite element applications*
- **Linear-Algebraic Interface (`IJ`)**
 - *applications with sparse linear systems*
- **More about each next...**

Structured-Grid System Interface (Struct)

- Appropriate for scalar applications on structured grids with a fixed stencil pattern
- Grids are described via a global d -dimensional **index space** (singles in 1D, tuples in 2D, and triples in 3D)
- A **box** is a collection of cell-centered indices, described by its “lower” and “upper” corners



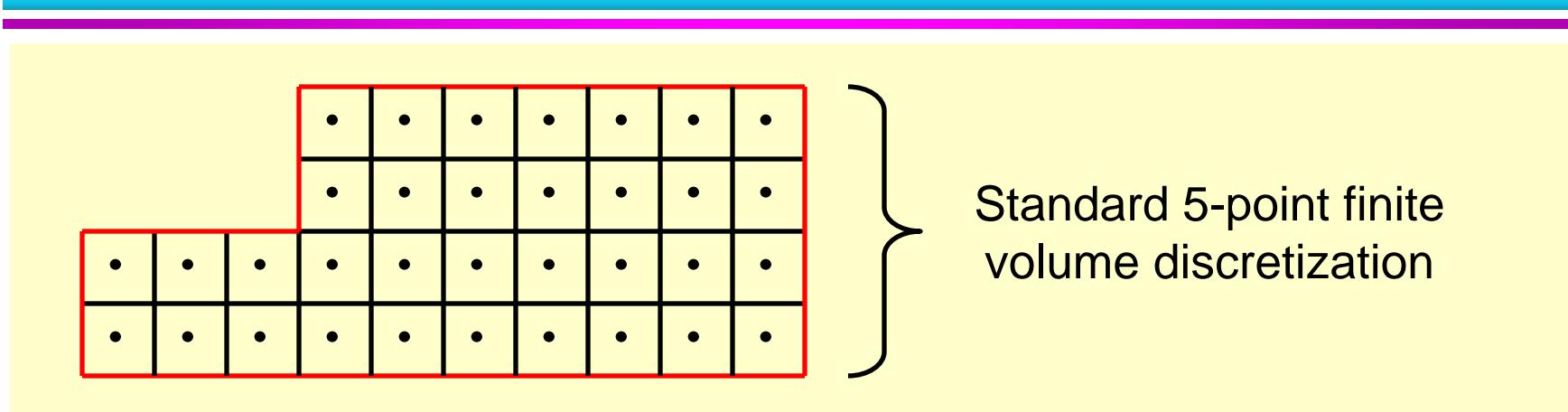
- The scalar grid data is always associated with **cell centers** (unlike the more general **sstruct** interface)

Structured-Grid System Interface (Struct)

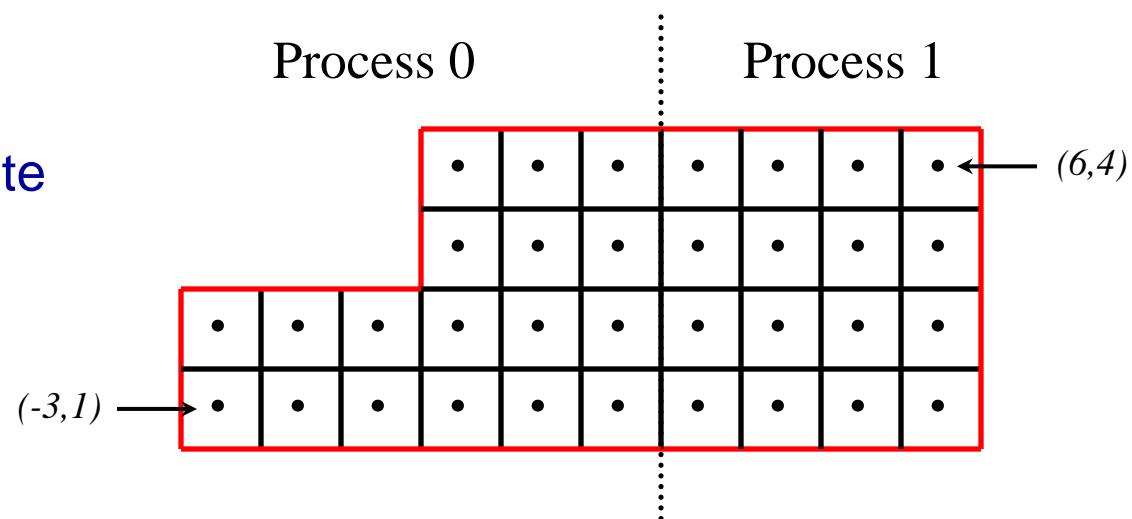
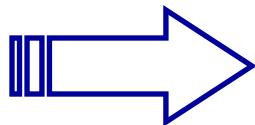
- There are four basic steps involved:
 - set up the Grid
 - set up the Stencil
 - set up the Matrix
 - set up the right-hand-side vector
- Consider the following 2D Laplacian problem

$$\begin{cases} \nabla^2 u = f, & \text{in the domain} \\ u = 0, & \text{on the boundary} \end{cases}$$

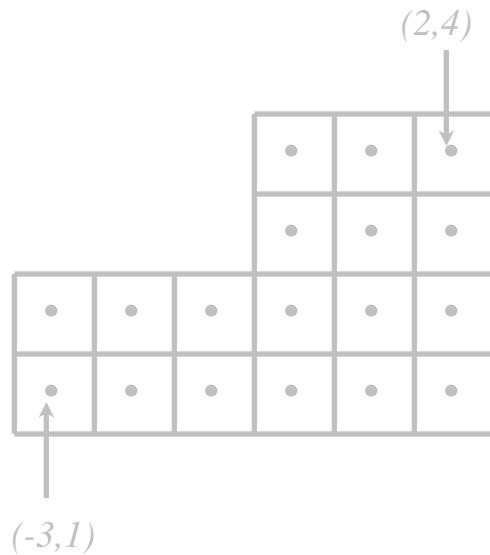
Structured-grid finite volume example:



Partition and distribute



Structured-grid finite volume example: Setting up the grid on process 0

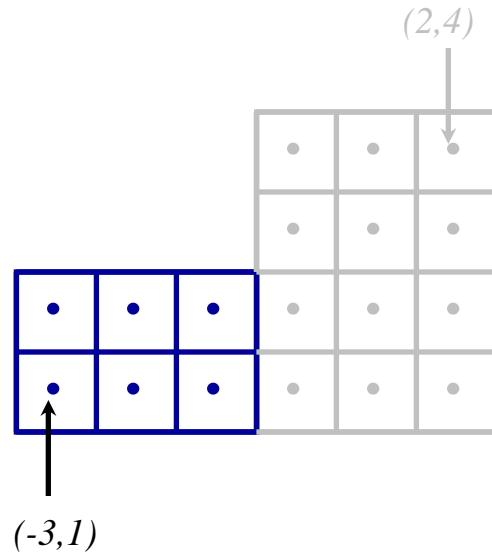


Create the grid object

```
HYPRE_StructGrid grid;
int ndim    = 2;

HYPRE_StructGridCreate(MPI_COMM_WORLD, ndim, &grid);
```

Structured-grid finite volume example: Setting up the grid on process 0

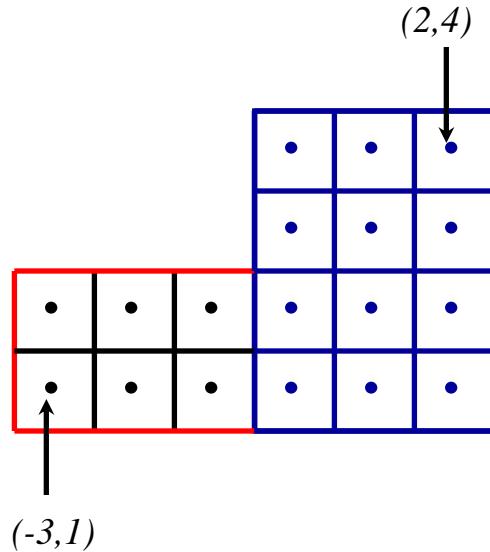


**Set grid extents for
first box**

```
int ilo0[2] = {-3,1};  
int iup0[2] = {-1,2};  
  
HYPRE_StructGridSetExtents(grid, ilower, iupper);
```

Structured-grid finite volume example:

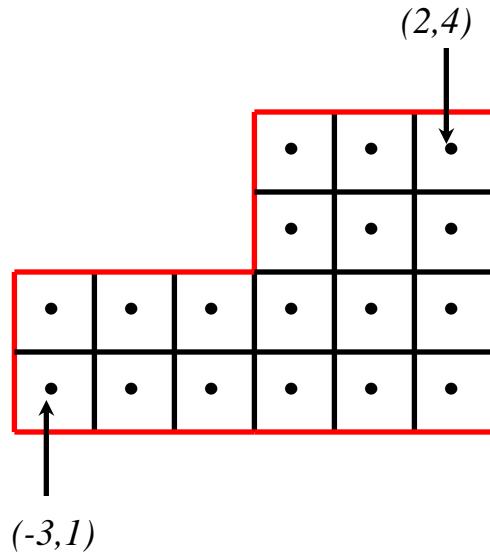
Setting up the grid on process 0



**Set grid extents for
second box**

```
int ilo1[2] = {0,1};  
int iup1[2] = {2,4};  
  
HYPRE_StructGridSetExtents(grid, ilower, iupper);
```

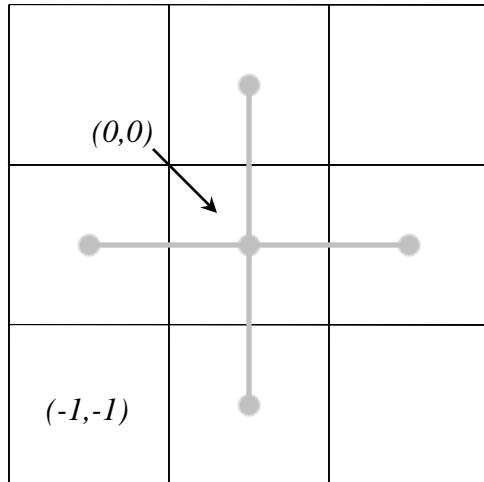
Structured-grid finite volume example: Setting up the grid on process 0



Assemble the grid

```
HYPRE_StructGridAssemble(grid);
```

Structured-grid finite volume example: Setting up the stencil (all processes)



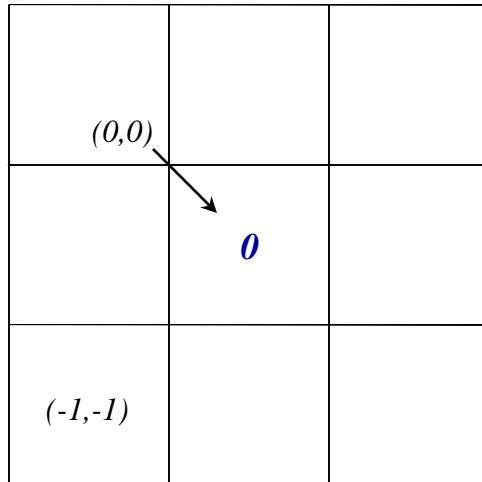
Stencil entries	geometries
0	$(0, 0)$
1	$(-1, 0)$
2	$(1, 0)$
3	$(0, -1)$
4	$(0, 1)$

Create the stencil
object

```
HYPRE_StructStencil stencil;
int ndim = 2;
int size = 5;

HYPRE_StructStencilCreate(ndim, size, &stencil);
```

Structured-grid finite volume example: Setting up the stencil (all processes)

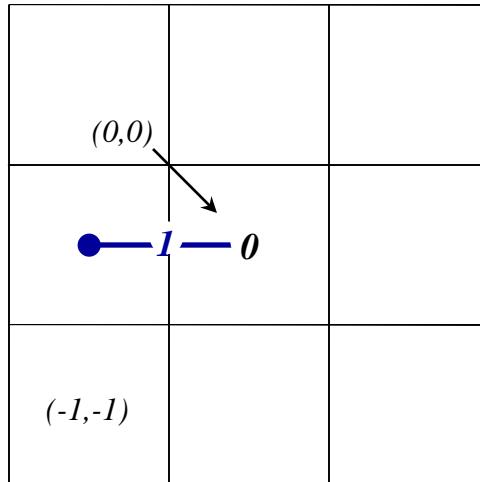


<i>stencil entries</i>	<i>geometries</i>
0	(0, 0)
1	(-1, 0)
2	(1, 0)
3	(0,-1)
4	(0, 1)

Set stencil entries

```
int entry = 0;  
int offset[2] = {0,0};  
  
HYPRE_StructStencilSetElement(stencil, entry, offset);
```

Structured-grid finite volume example: Setting up the stencil (all processes)

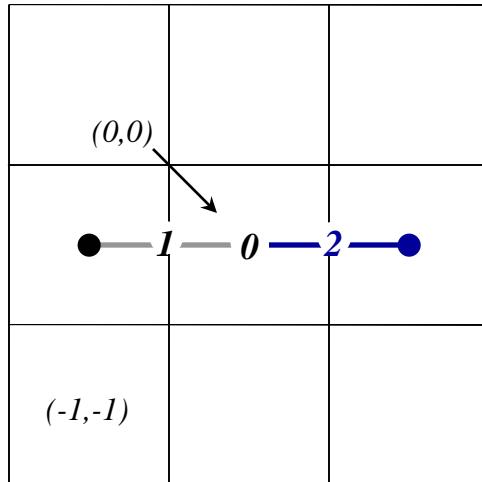


<i>stencil entries</i>	<i>geometries</i>
0	$(0, 0)$
1	$(-1, 0)$
2	$(1, 0)$
3	$(0, -1)$
4	$(0, 1)$

Set stencil entries

```
int entry = 1;  
int offset[2] = {-1,0};  
  
HYPRE_StructStencilSetElement(stencil, entry, offset);
```

Structured-grid finite volume example: Setting up the stencil (all processes)

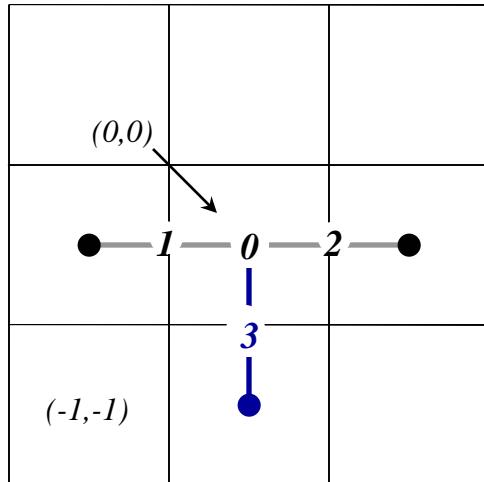


stencil entries	geometries
0	$(0, 0)$
1	$(-1, 0)$
2	$(1, 0)$
3	$(0, -1)$
4	$(0, 1)$

Set stencil entries

```
int entry = 2;  
int offset[2] = {1,0};  
  
HYPRE_StructStencilSetElement(stencil, entry, offset);
```

Structured-grid finite volume example: Setting up the stencil (all processes)

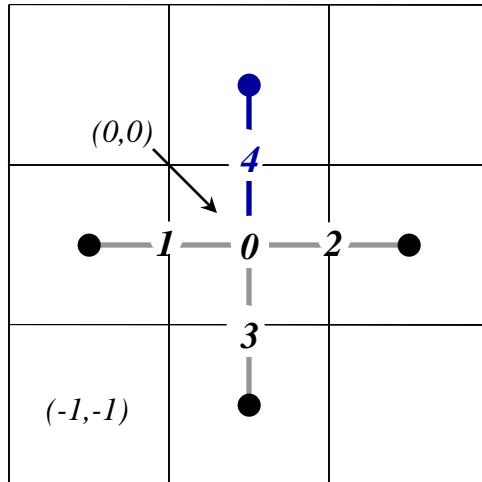


stencil entries	geometries
0	$(0, 0)$
1	$(-1, 0)$
2	$(1, 0)$
3	$(0, -1)$
4	$(0, 1)$

Set stencil entries

```
int entry = 3;  
int offset[2] = {0,-1};  
  
HYPRE_StructStencilSetElement(stencil, entry, offset);
```

Structured-grid finite volume example: Setting up the stencil (all processes)

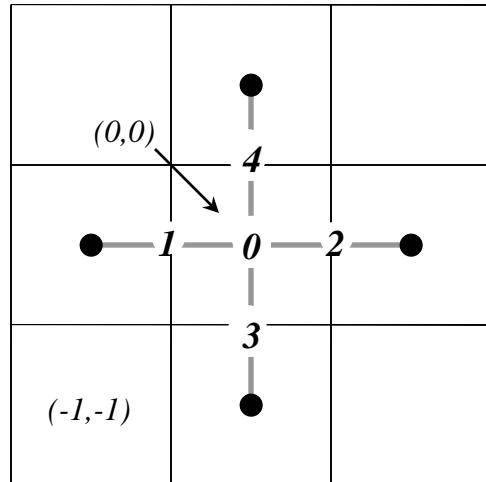


<i>stencil entries</i>	<i>geometries</i>
0	$(0, 0)$
1	$(-1, 0)$
2	$(1, 0)$
3	$(0, -1)$
4	$(0, 1)$

Set stencil entries

```
int entry = 4;  
int offset[2] = {0,1};  
  
HYPRE_StructStencilSetElement(stencil, entry, offset);
```

Structured-grid finite volume example: Setting up the stencil (all processes)



stencil entries

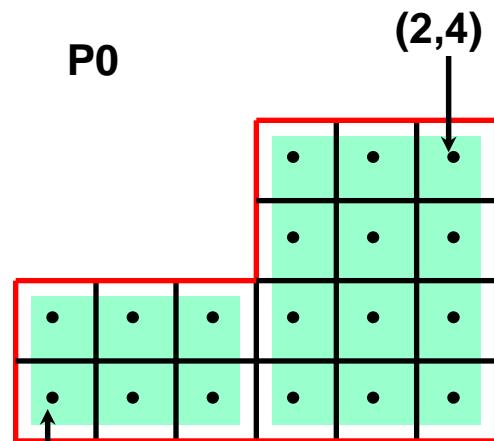
0	↔	(0 , 0)
1	↔	(-1 , 0)
2	↔	(1 , 0)
3	↔	(0 ,-1)
4	↔	(0 , 1)

geometries

**That's it!
There is no assemble
routine**



Structured-grid finite volume example : Setting up the matrix on process 0

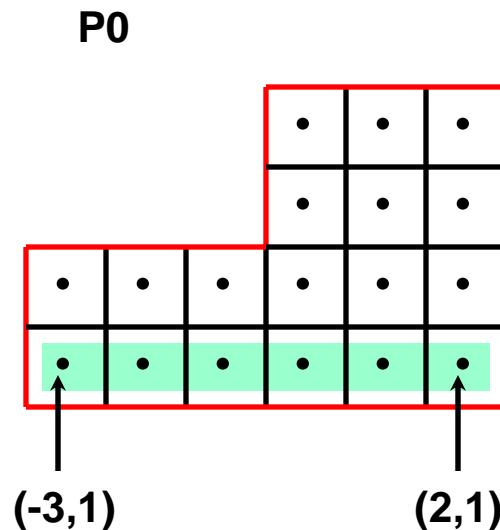


$$\begin{pmatrix} S_4 \\ S_1 \ S_0 \ S_2 \\ S_3 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ -1 \ 4 \ -1 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

```
HYPRE_StructMatrix A;  
double vals[24] = {4, -1, 4, -1, ...};  
int nentries = 2;  
int entries[2] = {0,3};  
  
HYPRE_StructMatrixCreate(MPI_COMM_WORLD,  
    grid, stencil, &A);  
HYPRE_StructMatrixInitialize(A);  
  
HYPRE_StructMatrixSetBoxValues(A,  
    ilo0, iup0, nentries, entries, vals);  
HYPRE_StructMatrixSetBoxValues(A,  
    ilo1, iup1, nentries, entries, vals);  
  
/* set boundary conditions */  
...  
HYPRE_StructMatrixAssemble(A);
```

Structured-grid finite volume example :

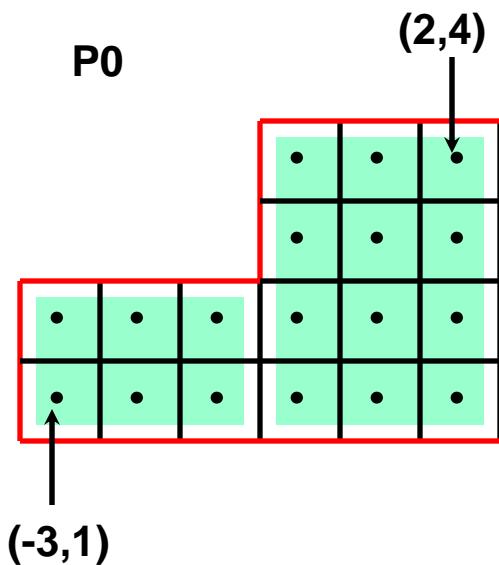
Setting up the matrix bc's on process 0



$$\begin{pmatrix} S4 \\ S1 \ S0 \ S2 \\ S3 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ -1 \ 4 \ -1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

```
int    ilo[2] = {-3, 1};  
int    iup[2] = { 2, 1};  
double vals[12] = {0, 0, ...};  
int nentries = 1;  
  
/* set interior coefficients */  
...  
  
/* implement boundary conditions */  
...  
  
i = 3;  
HYPRE_StructMatrixSetBoxValues(A,  
    ilo, iup, nentries, &i, vals);  
  
/* complete implementation of bc's */  
...
```

A structured-grid finite volume example : Setting up the right-hand-side vector



```
HYPRE_StructVector b;  
double values[12] = {0, 0, ...};  
  
HYPRE_StructVectorCreate(MPI_COMM_WORLD,  
    grid, &b);  
HYPRE_StructVectorInitialize(b);  
  
HYPRE_StructVectorSetBoxValues(b,  
    ilo0, iup0, vals);  
HYPRE_StructVectorSetBoxValues(b,  
    ilo1, iup1, vals);  
  
HYPRE_StructVectorAssemble(b);
```

Symmetric Matrices

- Some solvers support symmetric storage
- Between Create() and Initialize(), call:

```
HYPRE_StructMatrixSetSymmetric(A, 1);
```

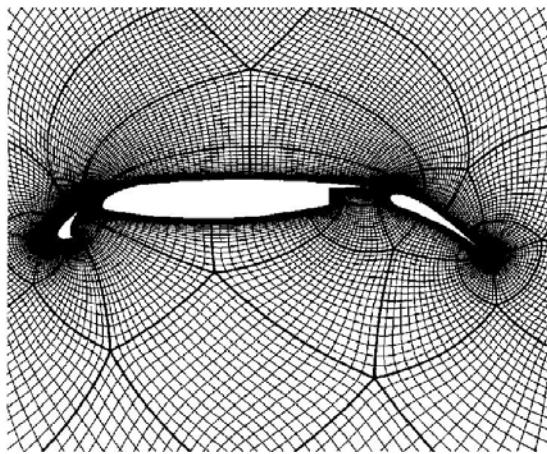
- For best efficiency, only set half of the coefficients

$$\begin{bmatrix} & (0,1) \\ & (0,0) (1,0) \end{bmatrix} \iff \begin{bmatrix} s_2 \\ s_0 & s_1 \end{bmatrix}$$

- This is enough info to recover the full 5-pt stencil

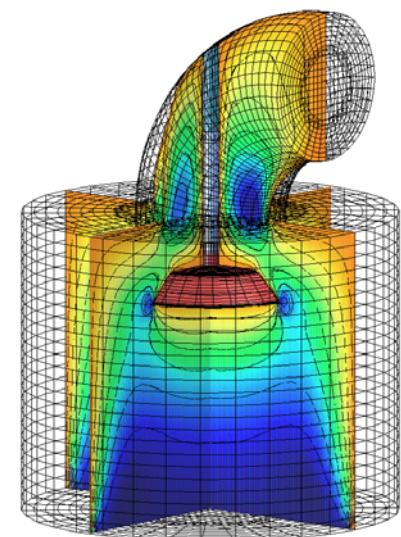
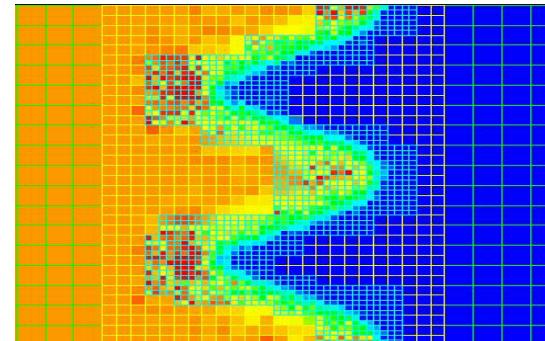
Semi-Structured-Grid System Interface (SStruct)

- Allows more general grids:
 - Grids that are mostly (but not entirely) structured
 - Examples: *block-structured grids, structured adaptive mesh refinement grids, overset grids*



Block-Structured

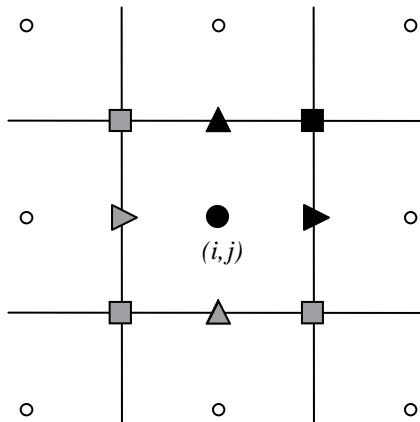
*Adaptive Mesh
Refinement*



Overset

Semi-Structured-Grid System Interface (**sstruct**)

- Allows more general PDE's
 - Multiple variables (system PDE's)
 - Multiple variable types (**cell centered, face centered, vertex centered, ...**)



Variables are referenced by the abstract cell-centered index to the left and down

Semi-Structured-Grid System Interface (SStruct)

- The SStruct grid is composed out of a number of structured grid *parts*
- The interface uses a *graph* to allow nearly arbitrary relationships between part data
- The graph is constructed from stencils plus some additional data-coupling information set either
 - directly with `GraphAddEntries()`, or
 - by relating parts with `GridSetNeighborBox()`
- We will consider two examples:
 - block-structured grid
 - structured adaptive mesh refinement

Semi-Structured-Grid System Interface (SStruct)

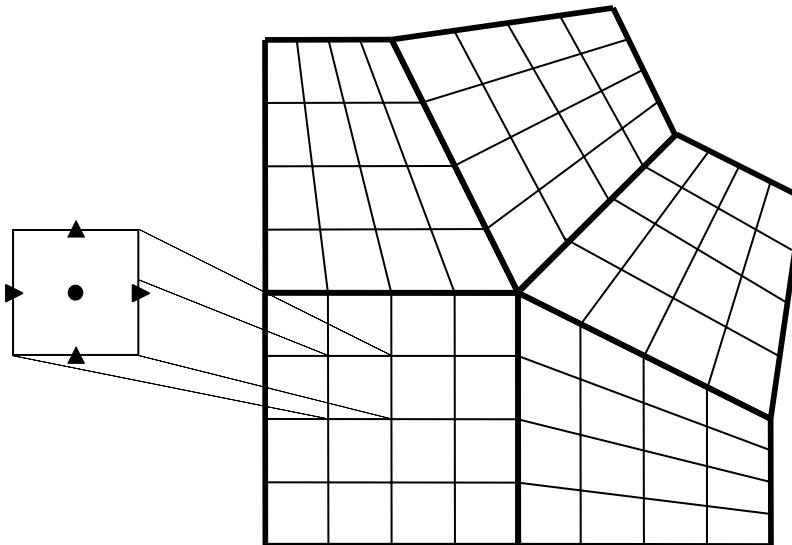
- There are five basic steps involved:
 - set up the Grid
 - set up the Stencils
 - **set up the Graph**
 - set up the Matrix
 - set up the right-hand-side vector

Block-structured grid example (sstruct)

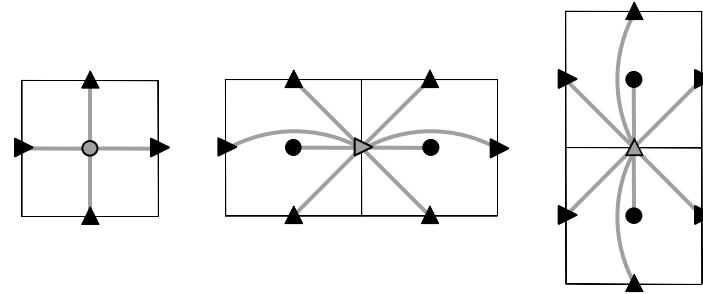
- Consider the following block-structured grid discretization of the diffusion equation

$$-\nabla \cdot (D \nabla u) + \sigma u = f$$

A block-structured grid with
3 variable types

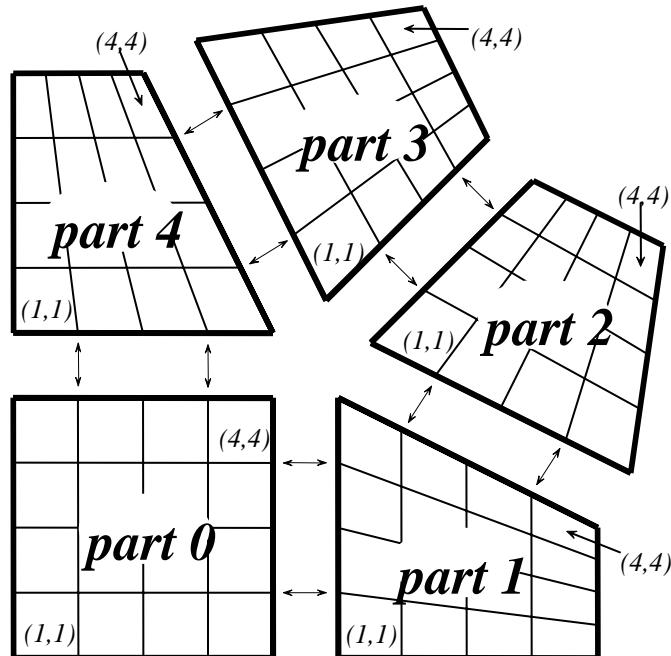


The 3 discretization stencils



Block-structured grid example (sstruct)

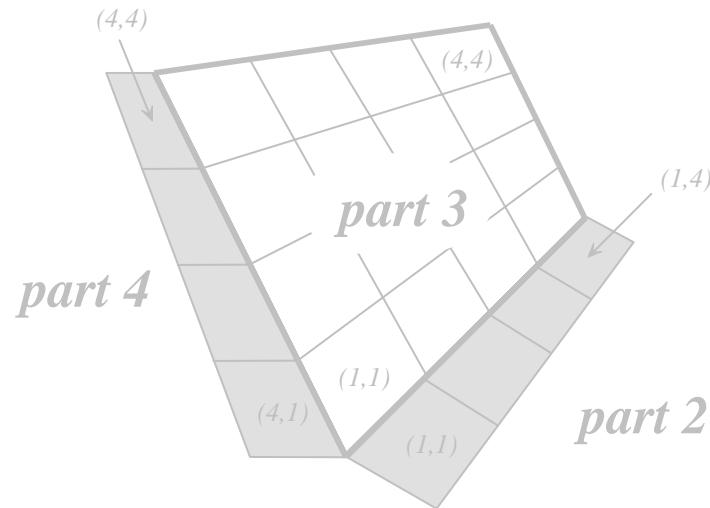
- The Grid is described in terms of 5 separate logically-rectangular parts



- Here, we assume 5 processes such that process p owns part p (note: user determines the distribution)
- We consider the interface calls made by process 3

Block-structured grid example:

Setting up the grid on process 3



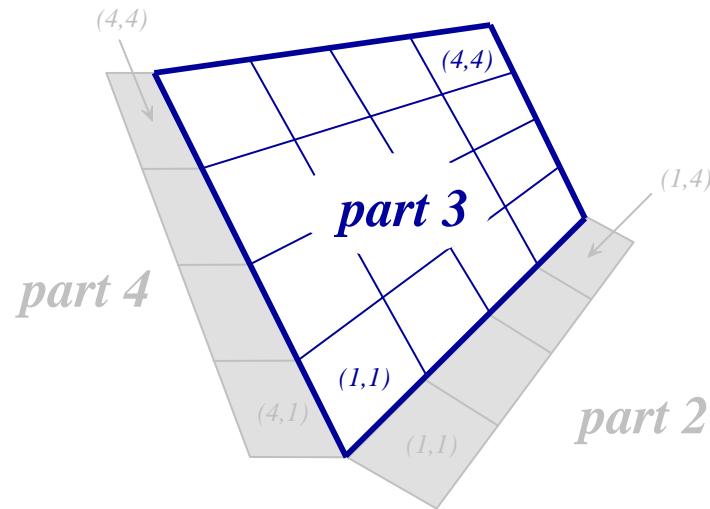
Create the grid object

```
HYPRE_SStructGrid grid;
int ndim    = 2;
int nparts = 5;

HYPRE_SStructGridCreate(MPI_COMM_WORLD, ndim, nparts, &grid);
```

Block-structured grid example:

Setting up the grid on process 3



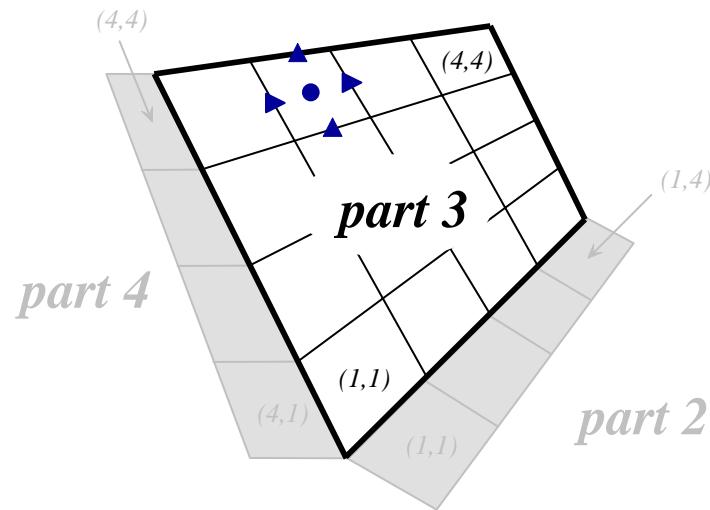
Set grid extents for
part 3

```
int part = 3;
int ilower[2] = {1,1};
int iupper[2] = {4,4};

HYPRE_SStructGridSetExtents(grid, part, ilower, iupper);
```

Block-structured grid example:

Setting up the grid on process 3



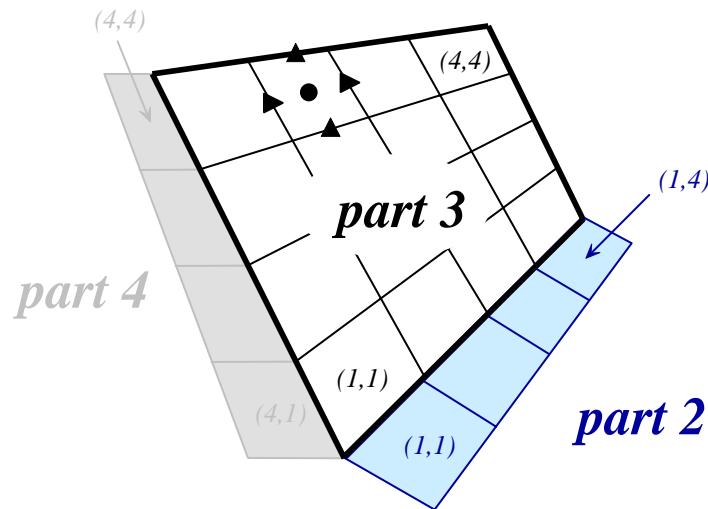
**Set grid variables for
part 3**

```
int part = 3;
int nvars = 3;
int vartypes[3] = {HYPRE_SSTRUCT_VARIABLE_CELL,
                   HYPRE_SSTRUCT_VARIABLE_XFACE,
                   HYPRE_SSTRUCT_VARIABLE_YFACE};

HYPRE_SStructGridSetVariables(grid, part, nvars, vartypes);
```

Block-structured grid example:

Setting up the grid on process 3



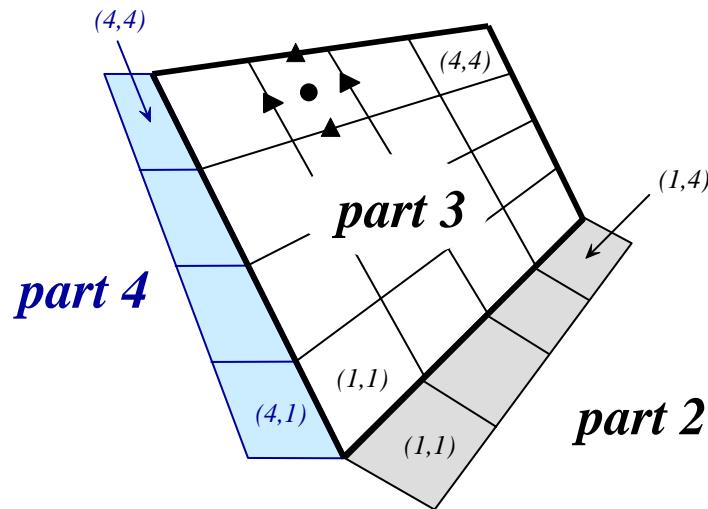
**Set spatial relationship
between parts 3 and 2**

```
int part = 3, nbor_part = 2;
int ilower[2] = {1,0}, iupper[2] = {4,0};
int nbor_ilower[2] = {1,1}, nbor_iupper[2] = {1,4};
int index_map[2] = {1,0};
```

```
HYPRE_SStructGridSetNeighborBox(grid, part, ilower, iupper,
nbor_part, nbor_ilower, nbor_iupper, index_map);
```

Block-structured grid example:

Setting up the grid on process 3



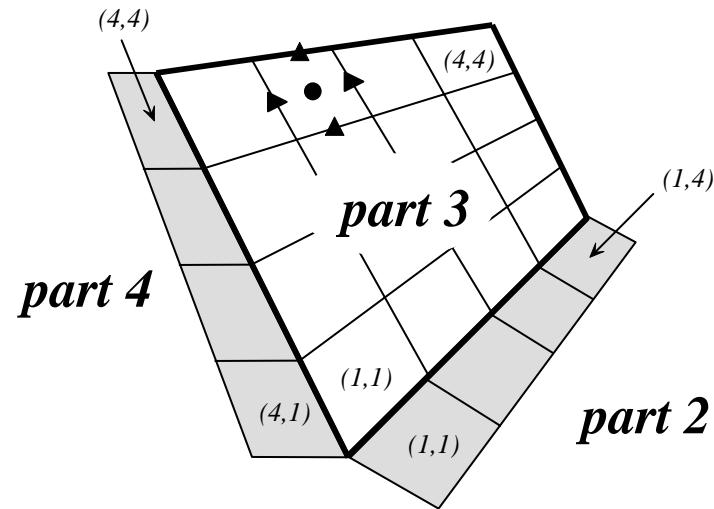
Set spatial relationship
between parts 3 and 4

```
int part = 3, nbor_part = 4;
int ilower[2] = {0,1}, iupper[2] = {0,4};
int nbor_ilower[2] = {4,1}, nbor_iupper[2] = {4,4};
int index_map[2] = {0,1};
```

```
HYPRE_SStructGridSetNeighborBox(grid, part, ilower, iupper,
nbor_part, nbor_ilower, nbor_iupper, index_map);
```

Block-structured grid example:

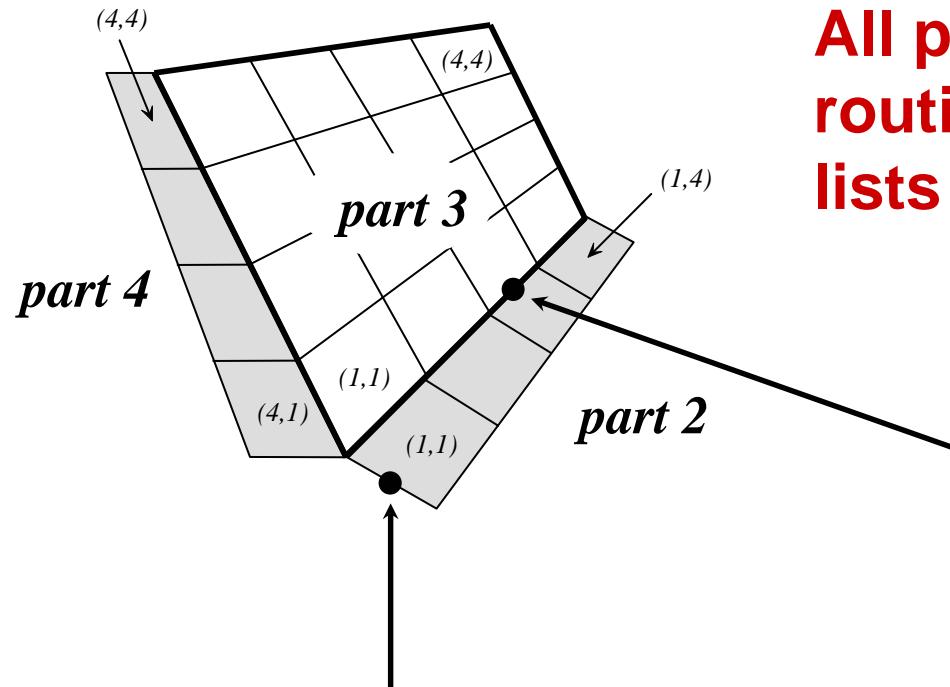
Setting up the grid on process 3



Assemble the grid

```
HYPRE_SStructGridAssemble(grid);
```

Block-structured grid example: some comments on `SetNeighborBox()`

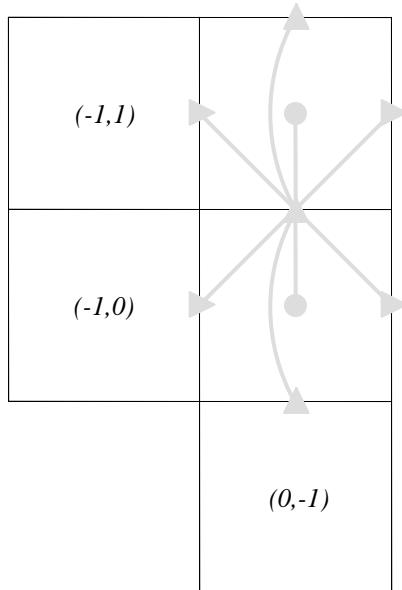


Some variables on different parts become “the same”

All parts related via this routine must have consistent lists of variables and types

Variables may have different types on different parts (e.g., y-face on part 3 and x-face on part 2)

Block-structured grid example: Setting up the y-face stencil (all processes)



stencil entries	\leftrightarrow	geometries
0	\leftrightarrow	(0,0);▲
1	\leftrightarrow	(0,-1);▲
2	\leftrightarrow	(0,1);▲
3	\leftrightarrow	(0,0);●
4	\leftrightarrow	(0,1);●
5	\leftrightarrow	(-1,0);▶
6	\leftrightarrow	(0,0);▶
7	\leftrightarrow	(-1,1);▶
8	\leftrightarrow	(0,1);▶

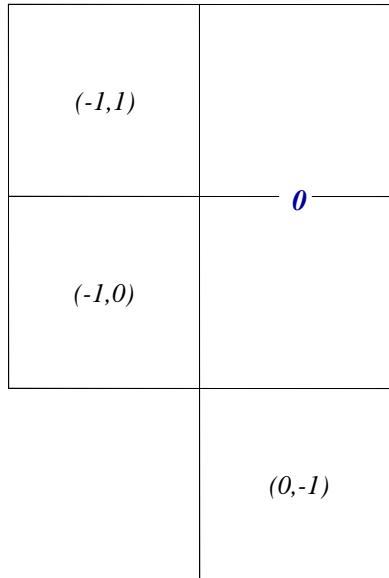
Create the stencil object

```
HYPRE_SStructStencil stencil;
int ndim = 2;
int size = 9;

HYPRE_SStructStencilCreate(ndim, size, &stencil);
```

Block-structured grid example:

Setting up the y-face stencil (all processes)



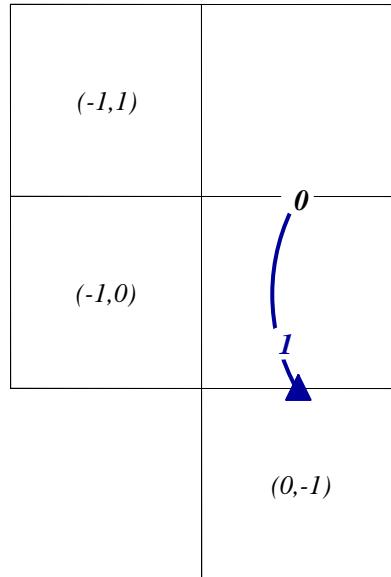
stencil entries	\leftrightarrow	geometries
0	\leftrightarrow	$(0,0); \blacktriangle$
1	\leftrightarrow	$(0,-1); \blacktriangle$
2	\leftrightarrow	$(0,1); \blacktriangle$
3	\leftrightarrow	$(0,0); \bullet$
4	\leftrightarrow	$(0,1); \bullet$
5	\leftrightarrow	$(-1,0); \blacktriangleright$
6	\leftrightarrow	$(0,0); \blacktriangleright$
7	\leftrightarrow	$(-1,1); \blacktriangleright$
8	\leftrightarrow	$(0,1); \blacktriangleright$

Set stencil entries

```
int entry = 0;  
int offset[2] = {0,0};  
int var = 2; /* the y-face variable number */  
  
HYPRE_SStructSetStencilEntry(stencil, entry, offset, var);
```

Block-structured grid example:

Setting up the y-face stencil (all processes)



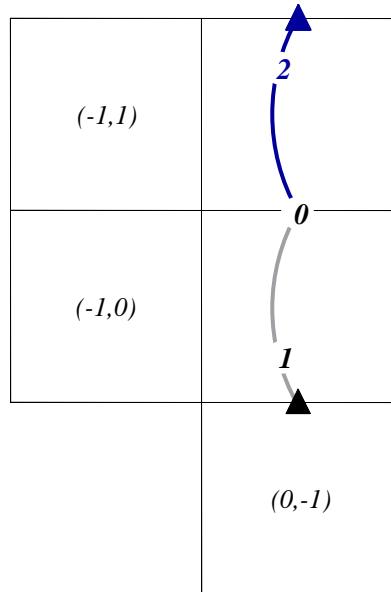
stencil entries	↔	geometries
0	↔	(0,0);▲
1	↔	(0,-1);▲
2	↔	(0,1);▲
3	↔	(0,0);●
4	↔	(0,1);●
5	↔	(-1,0);▶
6	↔	(0,0);▶
7	↔	(-1,1);▶
8	↔	(0,1);▶

Set stencil entries

```
int entry = 1;  
int offset[2] = {0,-1};  
int var = 2; /* the y-face variable number */  
  
HYPRE_SStructSetStencilEntry(stencil, entry, offset, var);
```

Block-structured grid example:

Setting up the y-face stencil (all processes)



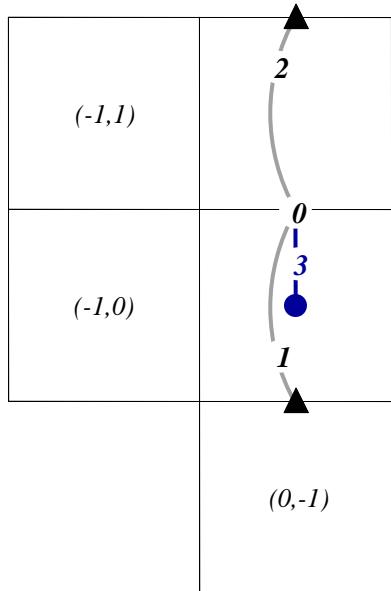
stencil entries	\leftrightarrow	geometries
0	\leftrightarrow	(0,0);▲
1	\leftrightarrow	(0,-1);▲
2	\leftrightarrow	(0,1);▲
3	\leftrightarrow	(0,0);●
4	\leftrightarrow	(0,1);●
5	\leftrightarrow	(-1,0);▶
6	\leftrightarrow	(0,0);▶
7	\leftrightarrow	(-1,1);▶
8	\leftrightarrow	(0,1);▶

Set stencil entries

```
int entry = 2;  
int offset[2] = {0,1};  
int var = 2; /* the y-face variable number */  
  
HYPRE_SStructSetStencilEntry(stencil, entry, offset, var);
```

Block-structured grid example:

Setting up the y-face stencil (all processes)



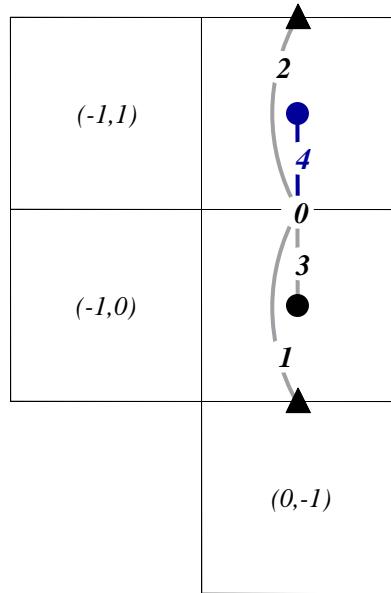
stencil entries	\leftrightarrow	geometries
0	\leftrightarrow	(0,0);▲
1	\leftrightarrow	(0,-1);▲
2	\leftrightarrow	(0,1);▲
3	\leftrightarrow	(0,0);●
4	\leftrightarrow	(0,1);●
5	\leftrightarrow	(-1,0);►
6	\leftrightarrow	(0,0);►
7	\leftrightarrow	(-1,1);►
8	\leftrightarrow	(0,1);►

Set stencil entries

```
int entry = 3;  
int offset[2] = {0,0};  
int var = 0; /* the cell-centered variable number */  
  
HYPRE_SStructSetStencilEntry(stencil, entry, offset, var);
```

Block-structured grid example:

Setting up the y-face stencil (all processes)

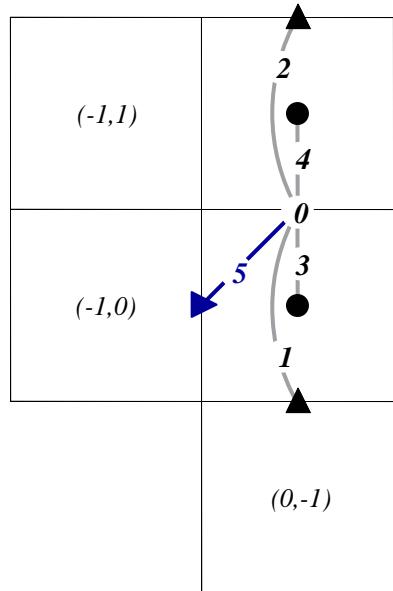


stencil entries	\leftrightarrow	geometries
0	\leftrightarrow	(0,0);▲
1	\leftrightarrow	(0,-1);▲
2	\leftrightarrow	(0,1);▲
3	\leftrightarrow	(0,0);●
4	\leftrightarrow	(0,1);●
5	\leftrightarrow	(-1,0);▶
6	\leftrightarrow	(0,0);▶
7	\leftrightarrow	(-1,1);▶
8	\leftrightarrow	(0,1);▶

Set stencil entries

```
int entry = 4;  
int offset[2] = {0,1};  
int var = 0; /* the cell-centered variable number */  
  
HYPRE_SStructSetStencilEntry(stencil, entry, offset, var);
```

Block-structured grid example: Setting up the y-face stencil (all processes)



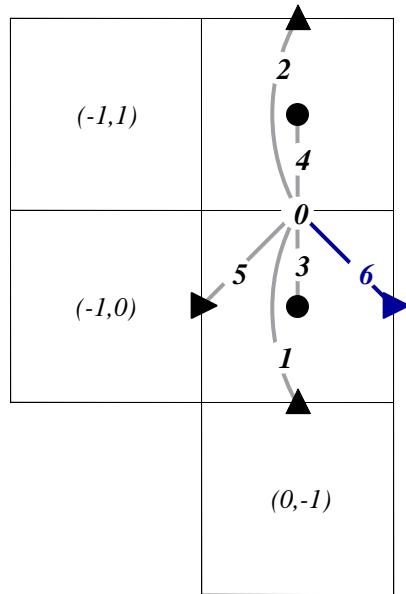
stencil entries	\leftrightarrow	geometries
0	\leftrightarrow	(0,0);▲
1	\leftrightarrow	(0,-1);▲
2	\leftrightarrow	(0,1);▲
3	\leftrightarrow	(0,0);●
4	\leftrightarrow	(0,1);●
5	\leftrightarrow	(-1,0);►
6	\leftrightarrow	(0,0);►
7	\leftrightarrow	(-1,1);►
8	\leftrightarrow	(0,1);►

Set stencil entries

```
int entry = 5;  
int offset[2] = {-1,0};  
int var = 1; /* the x-face variable number */  
  
HYPRE_SStructSetStencilEntry(stencil, entry, offset, var);
```

Block-structured grid example:

Setting up the y-face stencil (all processes)



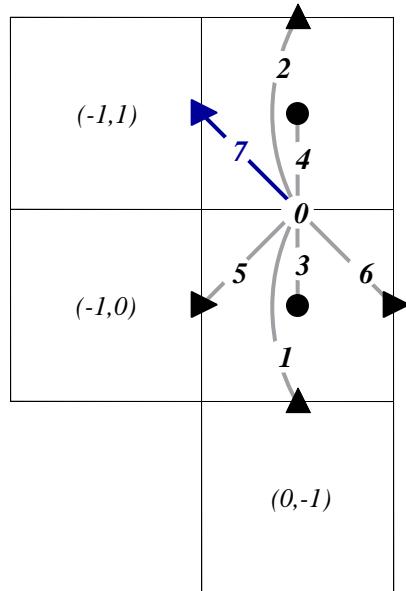
stencil entries	\leftrightarrow	geometries
0	\leftrightarrow	(0,0);▲
1	\leftrightarrow	(0,-1);▲
2	\leftrightarrow	(0,1);▲
3	\leftrightarrow	(0,0);●
4	\leftrightarrow	(0,1);●
5	\leftrightarrow	(-1,0);▶
6	\leftrightarrow	(0,0);▶
7	\leftrightarrow	(-1,1);▶
8	\leftrightarrow	(0,1);▶

Set stencil entries

```
int entry = 6;  
int offset[2] = {0,0};  
int var = 1; /* the x-face variable number */  
  
HYPRE_SStructSetStencilEntry(stencil, entry, offset, var);
```

Block-structured grid example:

Setting up the y-face stencil (all processes)



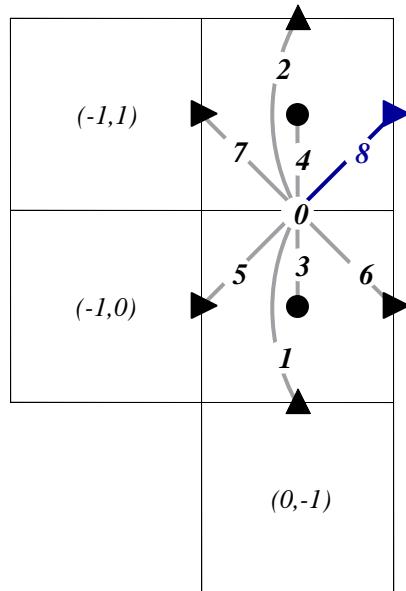
stencil entries	\leftrightarrow	geometries
0	\leftrightarrow	(0,0);▲
1	\leftrightarrow	(0,-1);▲
2	\leftrightarrow	(0,1);▲
3	\leftrightarrow	(0,0);●
4	\leftrightarrow	(0,1);●
5	\leftrightarrow	(-1,0);▶
6	\leftrightarrow	(0,0);▶
7	\leftrightarrow	(-1,1);▶
8	\leftrightarrow	(0,1);▶

Set stencil entries

```
int entry = 7;  
int offset[2] = {-1,1};  
int var = 1; /* the x-face variable number */  
  
HYPRE_SStructSetStencilEntry(stencil, entry, offset, var);
```

Block-structured grid example:

Setting up the y-face stencil (all processes)

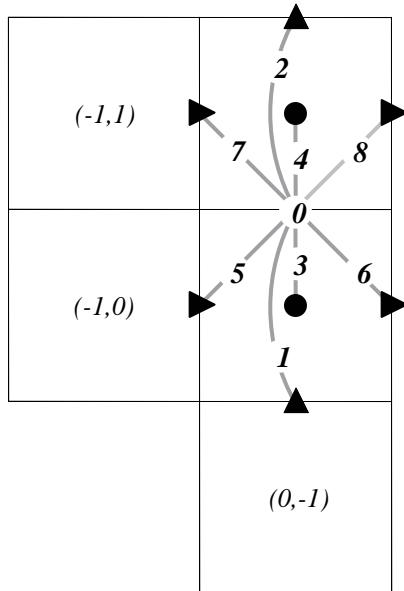


stencil entries	↔	geometries
0	↔	(0,0);▲
1	↔	(0,-1);▲
2	↔	(0,1);▲
3	↔	(0,0);●
4	↔	(0,1);●
5	↔	(-1,0);▶
6	↔	(0,0);▶
7	↔	(-1,1);▶
8	↔	(0,1);▶

Set stencil entries

```
int entry = 8;  
int offset[2] = {0,1};  
int var = 1; /* the x-face variable number */  
  
HYPRE_SStructSetStencilEntry(stencil, entry, offset, var);
```

Block-structured grid example: Setting up the y-face stencil (all processes)



stencil entries

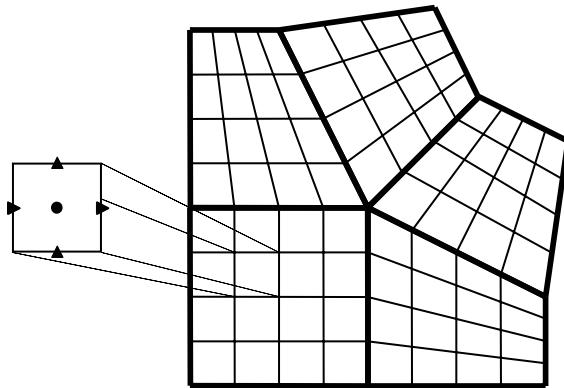
0	\leftrightarrow	(0,0);▲
1	\leftrightarrow	(0,-1);▲
2	\leftrightarrow	(0,1);▲
3	\leftrightarrow	(0,0);●
4	\leftrightarrow	(0,1);●
5	\leftrightarrow	(-1,0);▶
6	\leftrightarrow	(0,0);▶
7	\leftrightarrow	(-1,1);▶
8	\leftrightarrow	(0,1);▶

geometries

**That's it!
There is no assemble
routine**

Block-structured grid example:

Setting up the graph on process 3

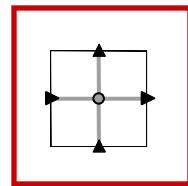
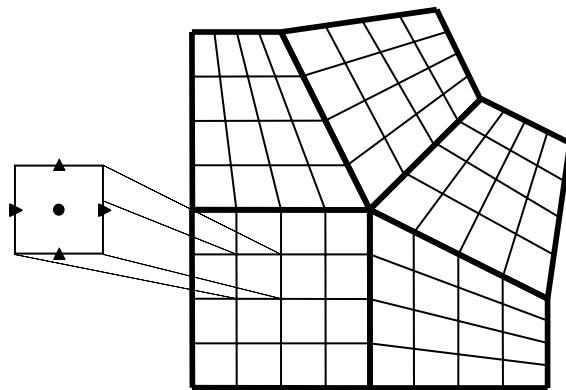


Create the graph
object

```
HYPRE_SStructGraph graph;  
  
HYPRE_SStructGraphCreate(MPI_COMM_WORLD, grid, &graph);
```

Block-structured grid example:

Setting up the graph on process 3



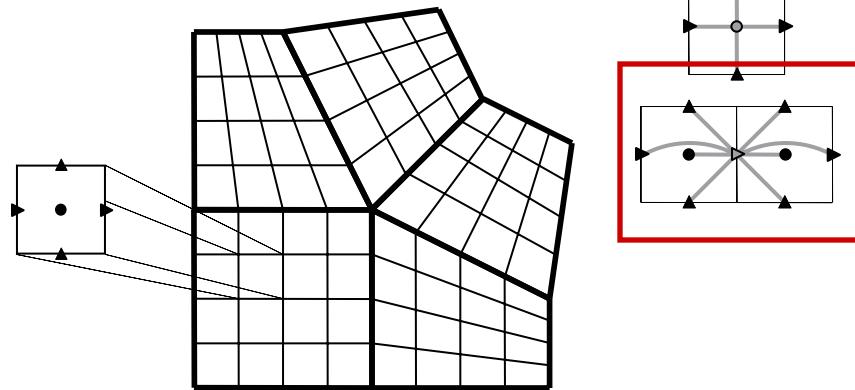
Set the cell-centered stencil for each part

```
int part;
int var = 0;
HYPRE_SStructStencil cell_stencil;

HYPRE_SStructGraphSetStencil(graph, part, var, cell_stencil);
```

Block-structured grid example:

Setting up the graph on process 3

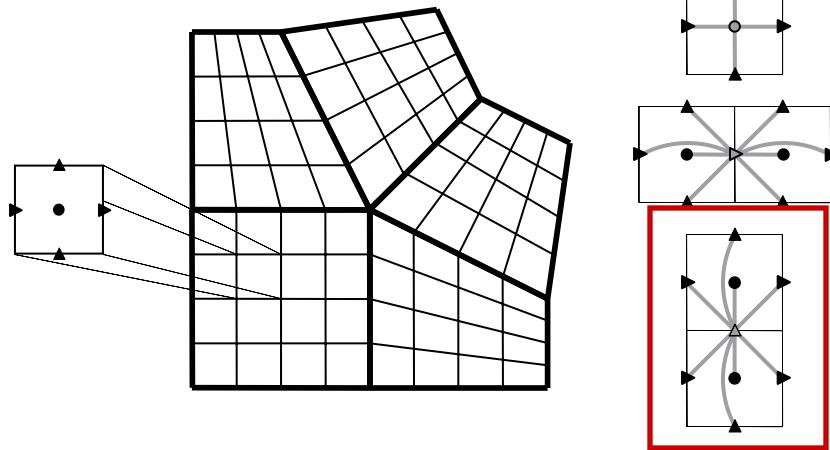


**Set the x-face stencil
for each part**

```
int part;
int var = 1;
HYPRE_SStructStencil x_stencil;

HYPRE_SStructGraphSetStencil(graph, part, var, x_stencil);
```

Block-structured grid example: Setting up the graph on process 3

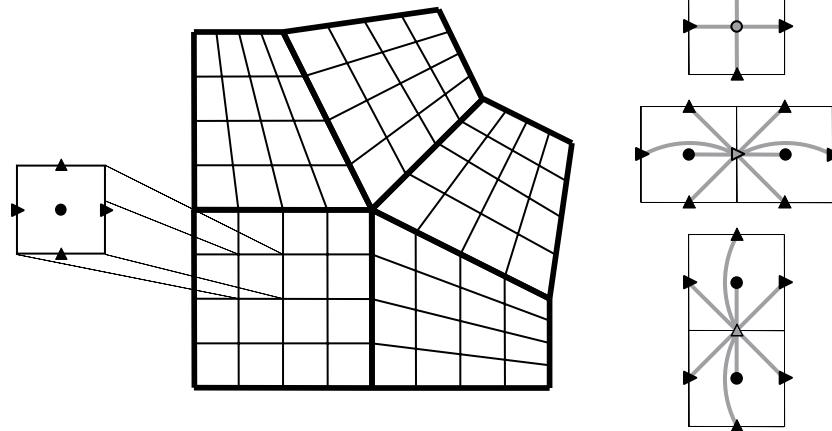


**Set the y-face stencil
for each part**

```
int part;
int var = 2;
HYPRE_SStructStencil y_stencil;

HYPRE_SStructGraphSetStencil(graph, part, var, y_stencil);
```

Block-structured grid example: Setting up the graph on process 3



Assemble the graph

```
/* No need to add non-stencil entries  
 * with HYPRE_SStructGraphAddEntries */  
  
HYPRE_SStructGraphAssemble(graph);
```

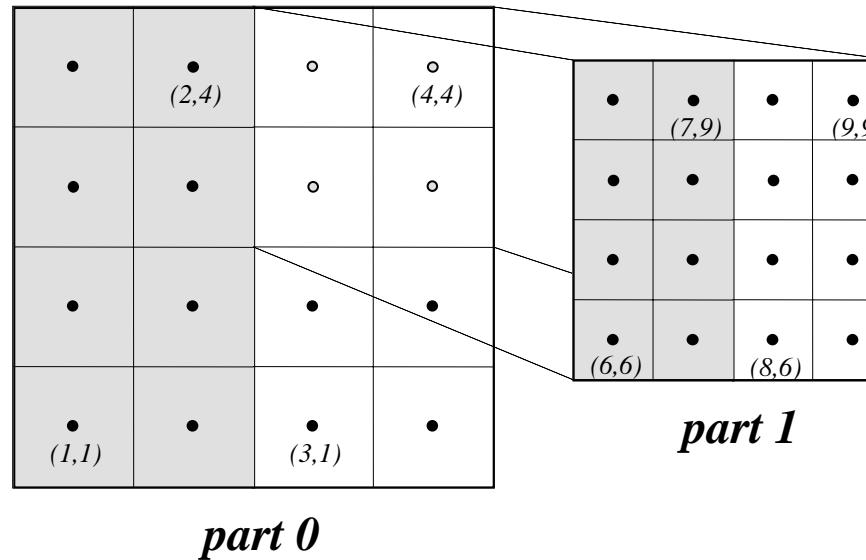
Block-structured grid example:

Setting up the matrix and vector

- The matrix and vector objects are constructed in a manner similar to the struct interface
- Matrix coefficients are set with the routines
 - `HYPRE_SStructMatrixSetValues`
 - `HYPRE_SStructMatrixAddToValues`
- Vector values are set with similar routines
 - `HYPRE_SStructVectorSetValues`
 - `HYPRE_SStructVectorAddToValues`

Structured AMR example (sStruct)

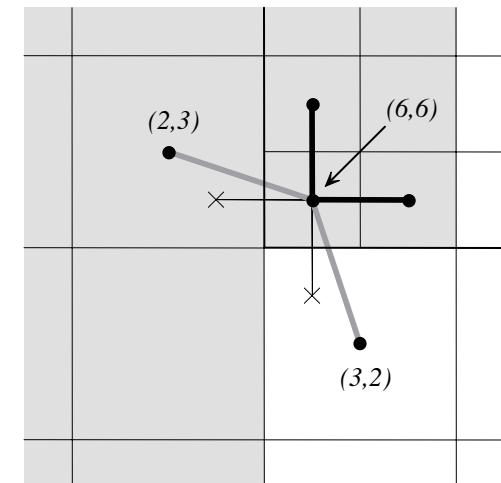
- Consider a simple cell-centered discretization of the Laplacian on the following structured AMR grid



- Each AMR grid level is defined as a separate part
- Assume 2 processes with shaded regions on process 0 and unshaded regions on process 1

Structured AMR example (SStruct)

- The **grid** is constructed using straightforward calls to the routines `HYPRE_SStructGridSetExtents` and `HYPRE_SStructGridSetVariables` as in the previous block-structured grid example
- The **graph** is constructed from a cell-centered stencil plus additional ***non-stencil entries*** at coarse-fine interfaces
- These non-stencil entries are set one variable at a time using `HYPRE_SStructGraphAddEntries()`



Building different matrix/vector storage formats with the SStruct interface

- Efficient preconditioners often require specific matrix/vector storage schemes
- Between Create() and Initialize(), call:

```
HYPRE_SStructMatrixSetObjectType(A, HYPRE_PARCSR);
```

- After Assemble(), call:

```
HYPRE_SStructMatrixGetObject(A, &parcsr_A);
```
- Now, use the ParCSR matrix with compatible solvers such as BoomerAMG (algebraic multigrid)

Comments on `sstruct` interface

- The routine `HYPRE_SStructGridAddVariables` allows additional variables to be added to individual cells, but is not yet implemented
- The routine `HYPRE_SStructGridSetNeighborBox` only supports cell-centered variable types currently
- New FAC solver in *hypre* for AMR

Finite Element Interface (FEI)

- The FEI interface is designed for finite element discretizations on unstructured grids
- See the following for information on how to use it

R. L. Clay et al. An annotated reference guide to the Finite Element Interface (FEI) Specification, Version 1.0. Sandia National Laboratories, Livermore, CA, Technical Report SAND99-8229, 1999.

Linear-Algebraic System Interface (`IJ`)

- The `IJ` interface provides access to general sparse-matrix solvers, but not specialized solvers
- There are two basic steps involved:
 - set up the `Matrix`
 - set up the right-hand-side `vector`

An example for the IJ interface: setting up a Matrix

$$A = \left(\begin{array}{ccc|ccc|c} 4 & -1 & & -1 & & & \\ -1 & 4 & -1 & & -1 & & \\ & -1 & 4 & & & -1 & \\ \hline -1 & & & 4 & -1 & & -1 \\ & -1 & & -1 & 4 & -1 & \\ & & -1 & -1 & 4 & & -1 \\ \hline & & & -1 & & 4 & -1 \\ & & & & -1 & -1 & 4 \end{array} \right)$$

Proc 0:
Rows
0,1,2,3

Proc 1:
Rows
4,5,6

Proc 2:
Rows
7,8

An example for the IJ interface: setting up the Matrix (on Proc 1)

column indices

	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
4		-1	-1	4	-1		-1		
5			-1	-1	4			-1	
6				-1		4	-1		

Create and initialize
matrix

```
HYPRE_IJMatrix A;
int ilower = 4, iupper = 6;
int jlower = 4, jupper = 6;

HYPRE_IJMatrixCreate(MPI_COMM_WORLD, ilower, iupper,
                     jlower, jupper, &A);
HYPRE_IJMatrixSetObjectType(A, HYPRE_PARCSR);

HYPRE_IJMatrixInitialize(A);
```

An example for the IJ interface: setting up the Matrix (on Proc 1)

column indices

	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
4		-1	-1	4	-1		-1		
rows	5		-1	-1	4			-1	
6		-1			4	-1			

**Set matrix
coefficients**

```
HYPRE_IJMatrix A;
int nrows = 3, ncols[3] = {5, 4, 3}, rows[4] = {4, 5, 6};
int cols[12] = {1,3,4,5,7, 2,4,5,8, 3,6,7};
double values[12] = {-1,-1,4,-1,-1, -1,-1,4,-1, -1,4,-1};

/* set matrix coefficients several rows at a time */
HYPRE_IJMatrixSetValues(A, nrows, ncols, rows, cols, values);
```

An example for the IJ interface: *setting up the Matrix (on Proc 1)*

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{column indices} \\ \hline
 & 0 & 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 & 6 & 7 \\
 \begin{matrix} 4 \\ 5 \\ 6 \end{matrix} & \left(\begin{array}{ccccccc} -1 & -1 & 4 & -1 & -1 \\ -1 & -1 & 4 & -1 & 4 \\ -1 & -1 & 4 & -1 & 4 \end{array} \right) \end{matrix}$$

Assemble matrix and retrieve object

```
HYPRE_IJMatrix A;  
  
HYPRE_IJMatrixAssemble(A);  
  
HYPRE_ParCSRMatrix parcsr_A;  
  
HYPRE_IJMatrixGetObject(A, &parcsr_A);
```

Current solver / preconditioner availability via *hypre*'s conceptual interfaces

Solvers	System Interfaces			
	Struct	SStruct	FEI	IJ
Jacobi	✓	✓		
SMG	✓	✓		
PFMG	✓	✓		
Split		✓		
SysPFMG		✓		
FAC		✓		
Maxwell		✓		
AMS		✓	✓	✓
BoomerAMG		✓	✓	✓
MLI		✓	✓	✓
ParaSails		✓	✓	✓
Euclid		✓	✓	✓
PILUT		✓	✓	✓
PCG	✓	✓	✓	✓
GMRES	✓	✓	✓	✓
BiCGSTAB	✓	✓	✓	✓
Hybrid	✓	✓	✓	✓

Setup and use of solvers is largely the same (see *Reference Manual* for details)

- **Create the solver**

```
HYPRE_SolverCreate(MPI_COMM_WORLD, &solver);
```

- **Set parameters**

```
HYPRE_SolverSetTol(solver, 1.0e-06);
```

- **Prepare to solve the system**

```
HYPRE_SolverSetup(solver, A, b, x);
```

- **Solve the system**

```
HYPRE_SolverSolve(solver, A, b, x);
```

- **Get solution info out via conceptual interface**

```
HYPRE_StructVectorGetValues(struct_x, index, values);
```

- **Destroy the solver**

```
HYPRE_SolverDestroy(solver);
```

Solver example: SMG-PCG

```
HYPRE_StructPCGCreate(MPI_COMM_WORLD, &solver);

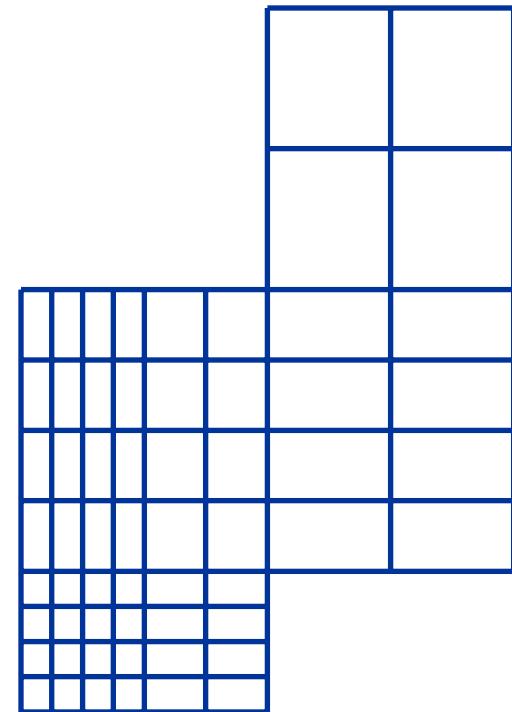
/* set stopping criteria */
HYPRE_StructPCGSetTol(solver, 1.0e-06);

/* define preconditioner (one symmetric V(1,1)-cycle) */
HYPRE_StructSMGCreate(MPI_COMM_WORLD, &precond);
HYPRE_StructSMGSetMaxIter(precond, 1);
HYPRE_StructSMGSetTol(precond, 0.0);
HYPRE_StructSMGSetZeroGuess(precond);
HYPRE_StructSMGSetNumPreRelax(precond, 1);
HYPRE_StructSMGSetNumPostRelax(precond, 1);

/* set preconditioner and solve */
HYPRE_StructPCGSetPrecond(solver,
    HYPRE_StructSMGSolve, HYPRE_StructSMGSetup, precond);
HYPRE_StructPCGSetup(solver, A, b, x);
HYPRE_StructPCGSolve(solver, A, b, x);
```

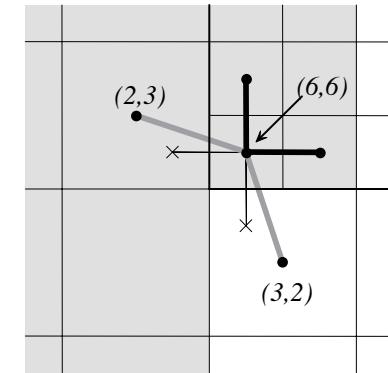
SMG and PFMG are semicoarsening multigrid methods for structured grids

- Interface: Struct/[SStruct](#)
- Matrix Class: Struct/[SStruct](#)
- **SMG uses plane smoothing in 3D, where each plane “solve” is effected by one 2D V-cycle**
- **SMG is very robust**
- **PFMG uses simple pointwise smoothing, and is less robust**
- **Constant-coefficient versions!**



FAC is an algebraic cell-centered fast adaptive composite grid solver in *hypre*

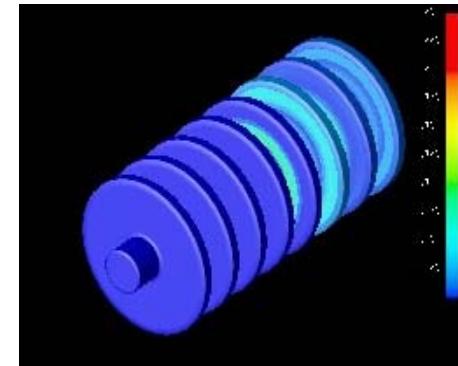
- Interface: `sstruct`
- Matrix Class: `SStruct`
- Requires only the composite matrix
 - no coarse underlying matrix needed
- Does not require nested AMR levels in the processor distribution, e.g., 3 levels on 2 procs
 - uses intra- and inter-level communication



- Designed for smooth-coefficient diffusion problems

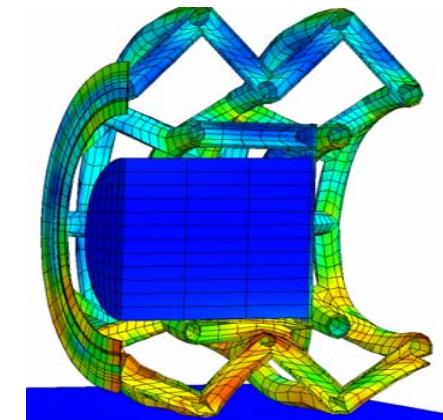
New: We have just released a Maxwell solver for (semi)-structured grids

- **Interface:** SStruct
 - **Matrix Class:** SStruct
-
- **Solves definite problems** $\nabla \times \alpha \nabla \times E + \beta E = f$, $\beta > 0$
 - **Uses multiple coarsening and special relaxation, a coupled hierarchy to resolve different vector components of the correction**
 - **Requires the linear system and a gradient matrix**
 - **Only for edge finite element discretizations**

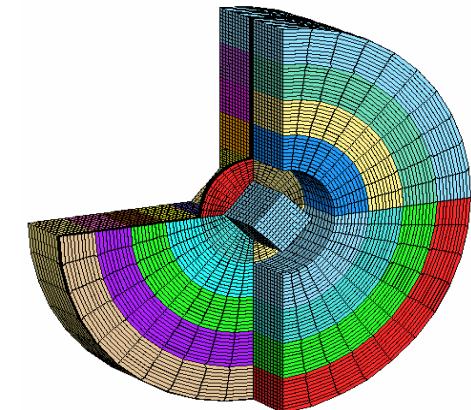


BoomerAMG is an algebraic multigrid method for unstructured grids

- Interface: `sstruct`, `FEI`, `IJ`
- Matrix Class: `ParCSR`
- Originally developed as a general matrix method (i.e., assumed given A , x , and b only)
- Uses various coarsening, interpolation and relaxation schemes
- Automatically defines coarse “grids”
- Can also be used for solving systems of PDEs if additional information provided



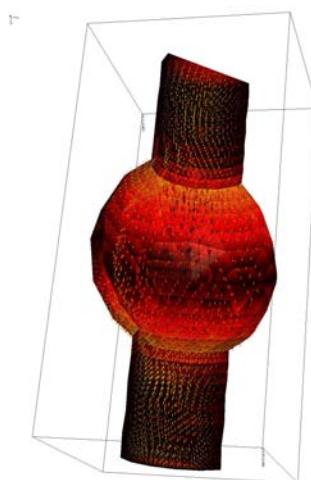
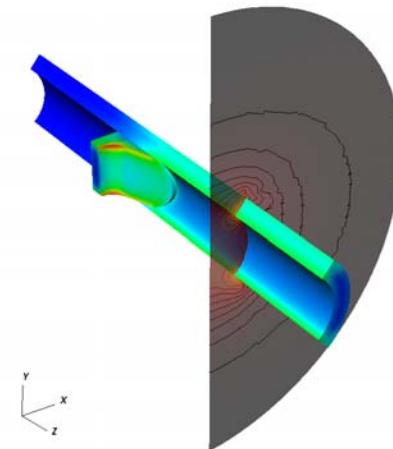
DYNA3D



PMESH

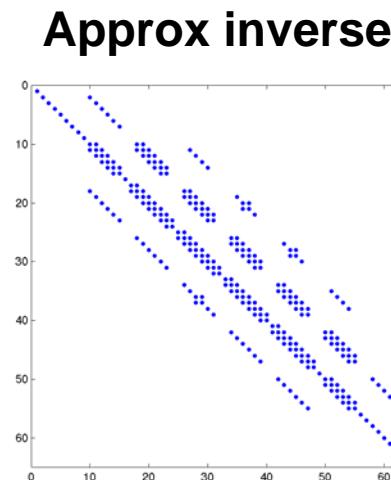
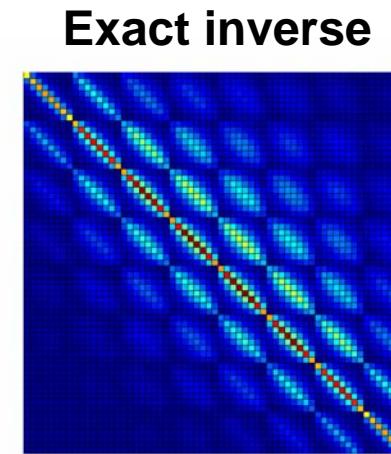
New: AMS is an auxiliary space Maxwell solver for unstructured grids

- Interface: `sStruct`, `FEI`, `IJ`
- Matrix Class: `ParCSR`
- Solves definite problems:
$$\nabla \times \alpha \nabla \times E + \beta E = f, \quad \alpha > 0, \quad \beta \geq 0$$
- Requires the linear system, a gradient matrix, the coordinates of the mesh vertices
- Based on methods by Hiptmair and Xu
- Uses BoomerAMG



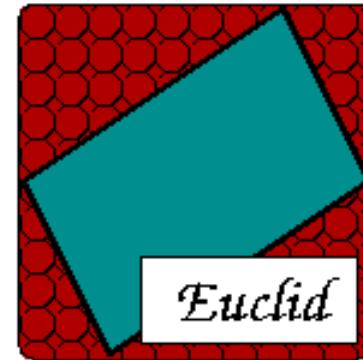
ParaSAILS is an approximate inverse method for sparse linear systems

- Interface: `sStruct`, `FEI`, `IJ`
 - Matrix Class: `ParCSR`
-
- Approximates the inverse of A by a sparse matrix M by minimizing the Frobenius norm of $I - AM$
 - Uses graph theory to predict good sparsity patterns for M



Euclid is a family of Incomplete LU methods for sparse linear systems

- **Interface:** `sstruct`, `FEI`, `IJ`
- **Matrix Class:** `ParCSR`
- **Obtains scalable parallelism via local and global reorderings**
- **Good for unstructured problems**
- <http://www.cs.odu.edu/~hysom/Euclid>



Getting the code

<http://www.llnl.gov/CASC/hypre/>



- The User's Manual and Reference Manual can be downloaded directly
- A short form must be filled out prior to download.
This is just for our own records.

Building the library

- Usually, *hypre* can be built by typing `configure` followed by `make`
- Configure supports several options (for usage information, type '`configure --help`'):
`'configure --enable-debug'` - turn on debugging
`'configure --with-openmp'` - use openmp
`'configure --with-CFLAGS=...'` - set compiler flags
- Release now includes example programs!

Calling *hypre* from Fortran

- **C code:**

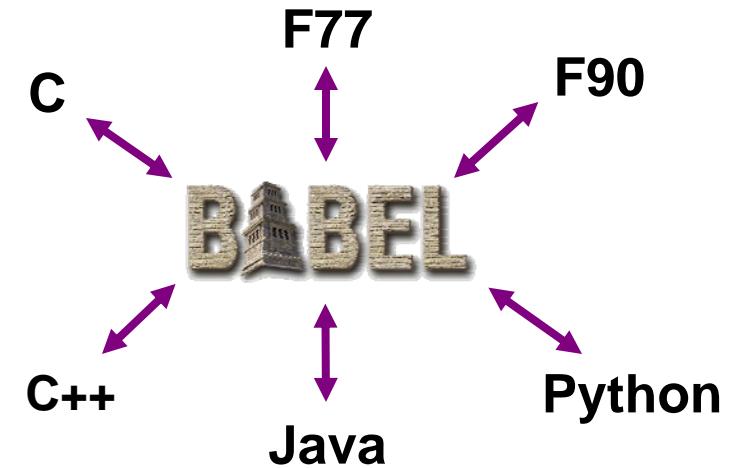
```
HYPRE_IJMatrix A;  
int nvalues, row, *cols;  
double *values;  
  
HYPRE_IJMatrixSetValues(A, nvalues, row, cols, values);
```

- **Corresponding Fortran code:**

```
integer*8 A  
integer nvalues, row, cols(MAX_NVALUES)  
double precision values(MAX_NVALUES)  
  
call HYPRE_IJMatrixSetValues(A, nvalues, row, cols, values)
```

The *hypre* library now features the Babel language interoperability tool

- Babel provides:
 - language interoperability
 - OO support
- **Releases 1.11.0b and later use Babel for all major interface classes (except FEI)**
- Currently supporting C, C++, and Fortran
- Additional language support (e.g., Java) will be available via the [Alexandria](#) web site



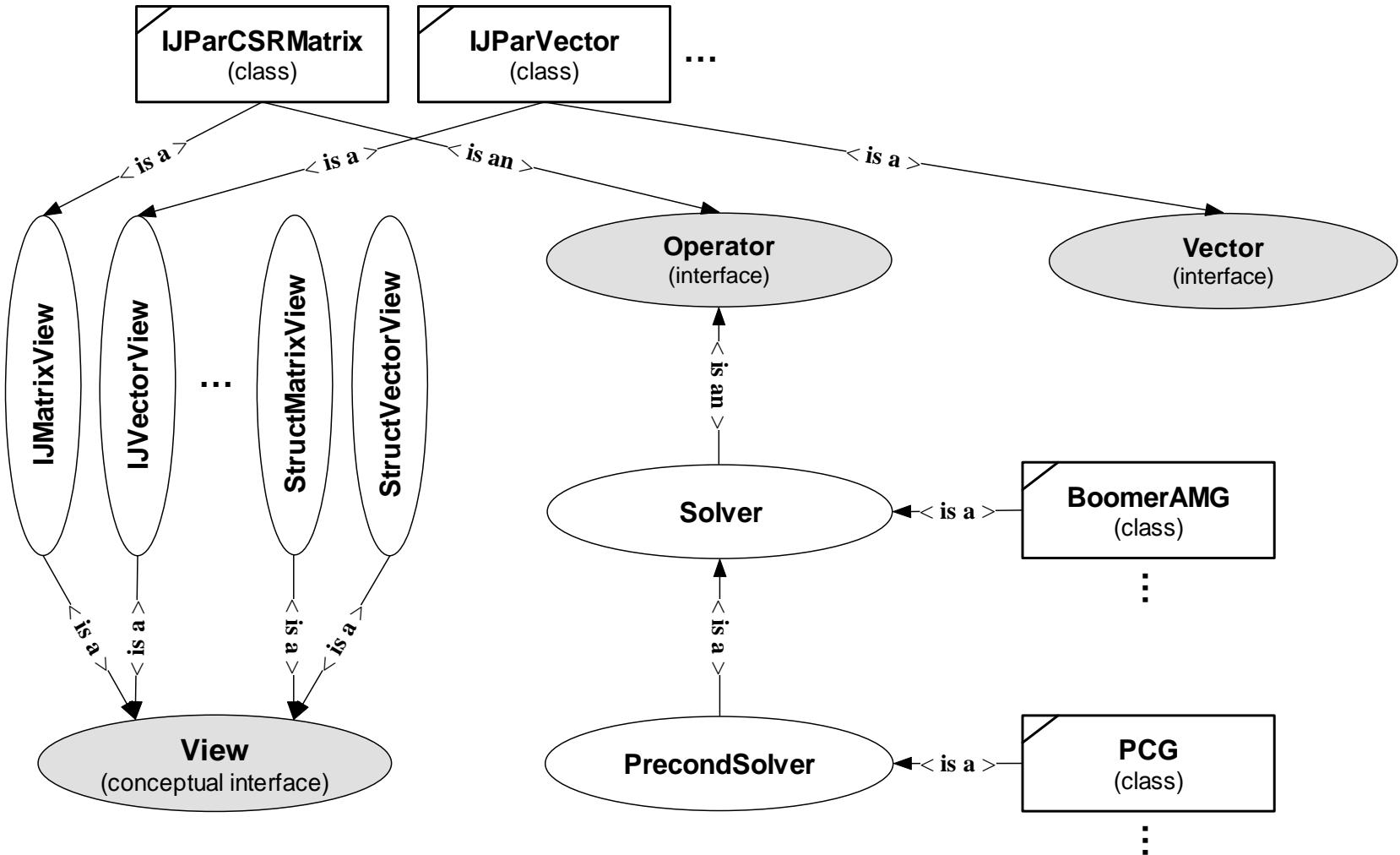
More about the new Babel interfaces

- Users download, build, and use *hypre* in virtually the same manner as before

```
/* current interface */
MPI_COMM mpi_comm;
HYPRE_IJMatrix ij_A;
HYPRE_IJMatrixCreate( mpi_comm, i_lower, i_upper,
j_lower, j_upper, &ij_A);
HYPRE_IJMatrixSetObjectType(ij_A, HYPRE_PARCSR);

/* new babel interface */
bHYPRE_MPICommunicator mpi_comm;
bHYPRE_IJParCSRMatrix parcsr_A;
parcsr_A = bHYPRE_IJParCSRMatrix_Create( mpi_comm,
i_lower, i_upper, j_lower, j_upper);
```

Central to hypre's object design is the use of multiple inheritance of interfaces



Reporting bugs

- Users may send email to:
hypre-users@lists.llnl.gov
- We are in the process of transitioning from Bugzilla to Roundup as another option for bug reporting



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